Publisher:		
Program Title:		
Components:		
Grade Level(s):		
Intended Audience:		

Standards Map - Basic Comprehensive Program Grades Eleven and Twelve - English Language-Arts/English Language Development

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Grade	Standard	Text of Standard	Introduced	Practiced	Taught to	Υ	N	Local Education Agency Evaluator Notes	
	#				Mastery				
DOM	MAIN	READING							
STR	AND	1.0 WORD ANALYSIS, FLUENCY, AND							
		SYSTEMATIC VOCABULARY							
		DEVELOPMENT Students apply their							
		knowledge of word origins to determine							
		the meaning of new words encountered							
		in reading materials and use those							
	_	words accurately.							
		Substrand: Vocabulary and Concept							
		Development							
11 & 12	1.1	Trace the etymology of significant terms							
		used in political science and history.							
11 & 12	1.2	Apply knowledge of Greek, Latin, and Anglo							
		Saxon roots and affixes to draw inferences							
		concerning the meaning of scientific and							
		mathematical terminology.							
11 & 12	1.3	Discern the meaning of analogies							
		encountered, analyzing specific							
		comparisons as well as relationships and							
		inferences.							

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STR	AND	2.0 READING COMPREHENSION								
		(FOCUS ON INFORMATIONAL								
		MATERIALS) Students read and								
		understand grade-level-appropriate								
		material. They analyze the organizational								
		patterns, arguments, and positions								
		advanced. The selections in								
		Recommended Readings in Literature,								
		Grades Nine Through Twelve illustrate the quality and complexity of the								
		materials to be read by students. In								
		addition, by grade twelve, students read								
		two million words annually on their own,								
		including a wide variety of classic and								
		contemporary literature, magazines,								
		newspapers, and online information.								
		Substrand: Structural Features of								
		Informational Materials								
11 & 12	2.1	Analyze both the features and the rhetorical								
		devices of different types of public								
		documents (e.g., policy statements, speeches, debates, platforms) and the way								
		in which authors use those features and								
		devices.								
		Substrand: Comprehension and								
		Analysis of Grade-Level-Appropriate								
11 & 12	2.2	Text Analyze the way in which clarity of meaning								
11012	2.2	is affected by the patterns of organization,								
		hierarchical structures, repetition of the								
		main ideas, syntax, and word choice in the								
		text.								
11 & 12	2.3	Verify and clarify facts presented in other								
		types of expository texts by using a variety								
		of consumer, workplace, and public								
		documents.								

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11 & 12	2.4	Make warranted and reasonable assertions about the author's arguments by using elements of the text to defend and clarify interpretations.									
11 & 12	2.5	Analyze an author's implicit and explicit philosophical assumptions and beliefs about a subject. Substrand: Expository Critique									
11 & 12	2.6	Critique the power, validity, and truthfulness of arguments set forth in public documents; their appeal to both friendly and hostile audiences; and the extent to which the arguments anticipate and address reader concerns and counterclaims (e.g., appeal to reason, to authority, to pathos and emotion).									
STR	AND	3.0 LITERARY RESPONSE and ANALYSIS Students read and respond to historically or culturally significant works of literature that reflect and enhance their studies of history and social science. They conduct in-depth analyses of recurrent themes. The selections in Recommended Readings in Literature, Grades Nine Through Twelve illustrate the quality and complexity of the materials to be read by students.									
11 & 12	3.1	Literature Analyze characteristics of subgenres (e.g., satire, parody, allegory, pastoral) that are used in poetry, prose, plays, novels, short stories, essays, and other basic genres.									

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		Substrand: Narrative Analysis of Grade- Level-Appropriate Text			•						
11 & 12	3.2	Analyze the way in which the theme or meaning of a selection represents a view or comment on life, using textual evidence to support the claim.									
11 & 12	3.3	Analyze the ways in which irony, tone, mood, the author's style, and the "sound" of language achieve specific rhetorical or aesthetic purposes or both.									
11 & 12	3.4	Analyze ways in which poets use imagery, personification, figures of speech, and sounds to evoke readers' emotions.									
11 & 12	3.5	Analyze recognized works of American literature representing a variety of genres and traditions: a. Trace the development of American literature from the colonial period forward. b. Contrast the major periods, themes, styles, and trends and describe how works by members of different cultures relate to one another in each period. c. Evaluate the philosophical, political, religious, ethical, and social influences of the historical period that shaped the characters, plots, and settings.									
11 & 12	3.6	Analyze the way in which authors through the centuries have used archetypes drawn from myth and tradition in literature, film, political speeches, and religious writings (e.g., how the archetypes of banishment from an ideal world may be used to interpret Shakespeare's tragedy Macbeth).									

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Grade	Standard #	Text of Standard	Introduced	Practiced	Taught to Mastery	Y	N	Local Education Agency Evaluator Notes
11 & 12	3.7	Analyze recognized works of world literature from a variety of authors: a. Contrast the major literary forms, techniques, and characteristics of the major literary periods (e.g., Homeric Greece, medieval, romantic, neoclassic, modern). b. Relate literary works and authors to the major themes and issues of their eras. c. Evaluate the philosophical, political, religious, ethical, and social influences of the historical period that shaped the characters, plots, and, settings.						
		Substrand: Literary Criticism						
11 & 12	3.8	Analyze the clarity and consistency of political assumptions in a selection of literary works or essays on a topic (e.g., suffrage, women's role in organized labor). (Political approach)						
11 & 12	3.9	Analyze the philosophical arguments presented in literary works to determine whether the authors' positions have contributed to the quality of each work and the credibility of the characters. (Philosophical approach)						

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DO	MAIN	WRITING						
STR	RAND	1.0 WRITING STRATEGIES Students write coherent and focused texts that convey a well-defined perspective and tightly reasoned argument. The writing demonstrates students' awareness of the audience and purpose and progression through the stages of the writing process.						
		Substrand: Organization and Focus						
11 & 12	1.1	Demonstrate an understanding of the elements of discourse (e.g., purpose, speaker, audience, form) when completing narrative, expository, persuasive, or descriptive writing assignments.						
11 & 12	1.2	Use point of view, characterization, style (e.g., use of irony), and related elements for specific rhetorical and aesthetic purposes.						
11 & 12	1.3	Structure ideas and arguments in a sustained, persuasive, and sophisticated way and support them with precise and relevant examples.						
11 & 12	1.4	Enhance meaning by employing rhetorical devices, including the extended use of parallelism, repetition, and analogy; the incorporation of visual aids (e.g., graphs, tables, pictures); and the issuance of a call for action.						
11 & 12	1.5	Use language in natural, fresh, and vivid ways to establish a specific tone.						
11 & 12	1.6	Develop presentations by using clear research questions and creative and critical research strategies (e.g., field studies, oral histories, interviews, experiments, electronic sources).						

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Grade	Standard #	Text of Standard	Introduced	Practiced	Taught to Mastery	Υ	N	Local Education Agency Evaluator Notes			
11 & 12	1.7	Use systematic strategies to organize and record information (e.g., anecdotal scripting, annotated bibliographies).			musiciy						
11 & 12	1.8	Integrate databases, graphics, and spreadsheets into word-processed documents. Substrand: Evaluation and Revision									
11 & 12	1.9	Revise text to highlight the individual voice, improve sentence variety and style, and enhance subtlety of meaning and tone in ways that are consistent with the purpose, audience, and genre.									
STR	RAND	2.0 WRITING APPLICATIONS (GENRES and THEIR CHARACTERISTICS) Students combine the rhetorical strategies of narration, exposition, persuasion, and description to produce texts of at least 1,500 words each. Student writing demonstrates a command of standard American English and the research, organizational, and drafting strategies outlined in Writing Standard 1.0. Using the writing strategies of grades eleven and twelve outlined in Writing Standard 1.0, students:									

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Grade	Standard #	Text of Standard	Introduced	Practiced	Taught to Mastery	Υ	N	Local Education Agency Evaluator Notes			
11 & 12	2.1	Write fictional, autobiographical, or biographical narratives: a. Narrate a sequence of events and communicate their significance to the audience. b. Locate scenes and incidents in specific places. c. Describe with concrete sensory details the sights, sounds, and smells of a scene and the specific actions, movements, gestures, and feelings of the characters; use interior monologue to depict the characters' feelings. d. Pace the presentation of actions to accommodate temporal, spatial, and dramatic mood changes. e. Make effective use of descriptions of appearance, images, shifting perspectives, and sensory details.									
11 & 12	2.2	Write responses to literature: a. Demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of the significant ideas in works or passages. b. Analyze the use of imagery, language, universal themes, and unique aspects of the text. c. Support important ideas and viewpoints through accurate and detailed references to the text and to other works. d. Demonstrate an understanding of the author's use of stylistic devices and an appreciation of the effects created. e. Identify and assess the impact of perceived ambiguities, nuances, and complexities within the text.									

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Grade	Standard #	Text of Standard	Introduced	Practiced	Taught to Mastery	Υ	N	Local Education Agency Evaluator Notes
11 & 12	2.3	Write reflective compositions: a. Explore the significance of personal experiences, events, conditions, or concerns by using rhetorical strategies (e.g., narration, description, exposition, persuasion). b. Draw comparisons between specific incidents and broader themes that illustrate the writer's important beliefs or generalizations about life. c. Maintain a balance in describing individual incidents and relate those incidents to more general and abstract ideas.						
11 & 12	2.4	Write historical investigation reports: a. Use exposition, narration, description, argumentation, exposition, or some combination of rhetorical strategies to support the main proposition. b. Analyze several historical records of a single event, examining critical relationships between elements of the research topic. c. Explain the perceived reason or reasons for the similarities and differences in historical records with information derived from primary and secondary sources to support or enhance the presentation. d. Include information from all relevant perspectives and take into consideration the validity and reliability of sources. e. Include a formal bibliography.						

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Grade	Standard #	Text of Standard	Introduced	Practiced	Taught to Mastery	Υ	N	Local Education Agency Evaluator Notes			
11 & 12	2.5	Write job applications and resumés: a. Provide clear and purposeful information and address the intended audience appropriately. b. Use varied levels, patterns, and types of language to achieve intended effects and aid comprehension. c. Modify the tone to fit the purpose and audience. d. Follow the conventional style for that type of document (e.g., resumé, memorandum) and use page formats, fonts, and spacing that contribute to the readability and impact of the document.									
11 & 12	2.6	Deliver multimedia presentations: a. Combine text, images, and sound and draw information from many sources (e.g., television broadcasts, videos, films, newspapers, magazines, CD-ROMs, the Internet, electronic media-generated images). b. Select an appropriate medium for each element of the presentation. c. Use the selected media skillfully, editing appropriately and monitoring for quality. d. Test the audience's response and revise the presentation accordingly.									

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Grade	Standard	Text of Standard	Introduced	Practiced	Taught to	Υ	N	Local Education Agency Evaluator Notes
	#				Mastery			
DO	MAIN	WRITTEN AND ORAL ENGLISH						
		LANGUAGE CONVENTIONS The						
		standards for written and oral						
		English language conventions						
		have been placed between those						
		for writing and for listening and						
		speaking because these						
		conventions are essential to both						
		sets of skills.						
STR	RAND	1.0 WRITTEN AND ORAL ENGLISH						
		LANGUAGE CONVENTIONS Students						
		write and speak with a command of						
		standard English conventions.						
11 & 12	1.1	Demonstrate control of grammar, diction,						
		and paragraph and sentence structure and						
		an understanding of English usage.						
11 & 12	1.2	Produce legible work that shows accurate						
		spelling and correct punctuation and						
11 & 12	1.3	capitalization.						
11012	1.3	Reflect appropriate manuscript requirements in writing.						
]	requirements in writing.						

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DON	MAIN	LISTENING AND SPEAKING						
STRAND		1.0 LISTENING AND SPEAKING STRATEGIES Students formulate adroit judgments about oral communication. They deliver focused and coherent presentations that convey clear and distinct perspectives and demonstrate solid reasoning. They use gestures, tone, and vocabulary tailored to the audience and purpose.						
		Substrand: Comprehension						
11 & 12	1.1	Recognize strategies used by the media to inform, persuade, entertain, and transmit culture (e.g., advertisements; perpetuation of stereotypes; use of visual representations, special effects, language).						
11 & 12	1.2	Analyze the impact of the media on the democratic process (e.g., exerting influence on elections, creating images of leaders, shaping attitudes) at the local, state, and national levels.						
11 & 12	1.3	Interpret and evaluate the various ways in which events are presented and information is communicated by visual image makers (e.g., graphic artists, documentary filmmakers, illustrators, news photographers). Substrand: Organization and Delivery of						
		Oral Communication						
11 & 12	1.4	Use rhetorical questions, parallel structure, concrete images, figurative language, characterization, irony, and dialogue to achieve clarity, force, and aesthetic effect.						

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Grade	Standard #	Text of Standard	Introduced	Practiced	Taught to Mastery	Y	N	Local Education Agency Evaluator Notes	
11 & 12	1.5	Distinguish between and use various forms of classical and contemporary logical arguments, including: a. Inductive and deductive reasoning b. Syllogisms and analogies			-				
11 & 12	1.6	Use logical, ethical, and emotional appeals that enhance a specific tone and purpose.							
11 & 12	1.7	Use appropriate rehearsal strategies to pay attention to performance details, achieve command of the text, and create skillful artistic staging.							
11 & 12	1.8	Use effective and interesting language, including: a. Informal expressions for effect b. Standard American English for clarity c. Technical language for specificity							
11 & 12	1.9	Use research and analysis to justify strategies for gesture, movement, and vocalization, including dialect, pronunciation, and enunciation.							
11 & 12	1.10	Evaluate when to use different kinds of effects (e.g., visual, music, sound, graphics) to create effective productions.							
		Substrand: Analysis and Evaluation of Oral and Media Communications							
11 & 12	1.11	Critique a speaker's diction and syntax in relation to the purpose of an oral communication and the impact the words may have on the audience.							
11 & 12	1.12	Identify logical fallacies used in oral addresses (e.g., attack ad hominem, false causality, red herring, overgeneralization, bandwagon effect).							

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						1110	Meets Standard				
Grade	Standard #	Text of Standard	Introduced	Practiced	Taught to Mastery	Y	N	Local Education Agency Evaluator Notes			
11 & 12	1.13	Analyze the four basic types of persuasive speech (i.e., propositions of fact, value, problem, or policy) and understand the similarities and differences in their patterns of organization and the use of persuasive language, reasoning, and proof.									
11 & 12	1.14	Analyze the techniques used in media messages for a particular audience and evaluate their effectiveness (e.g., Orson Welles' radio broadcast "War of the Worlds").									
STR	AND	2.0 SPEAKING APPLICATIONS (GENRES and THEIR CHARACTERISTICS) Students deliver polished formal and extemporaneous presentations that combine traditional rhetorical strategies of narration, exposition, persuasion, and description. Student speaking demonstrates a command of standard American English and the organizational and delivery strategies outlined in Listening and Speaking Standard 1.0. Using the speaking strategies of grades eleven and twelve outlined in Listening and Speaking Standard 1.0, students:									

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	#				Mastery			
11 & 12	2.1	Deliver reflective presentations:						
		a. Explore the significance of personal						
		experiences, events, conditions, or						
		concerns, using appropriate rhetorical						
		strategies (e.g., narration, description,						
		exposition, persuasion).						
		b. Draw comparisons between the specific incident and broader themes that illustrate						
		the speaker's beliefs or generalizations						
		about life.						
		c. Maintain a balance between describing						
		the incident and relating it to more general,						
		abstract ideas.						
11 & 12	2.2	Deliver oral reports on historical						
		investigations:						
		a. Use exposition, narration, description,						
		persuasion, or some combination of those						
		to support the thesis.						
		b. Analyze several historical records of a						
		single event, examining critical						
		relationships between elements of the						
		research topic.						
		c. Explain the perceived reason or reasons						
		for the similarities and differences by using						
		information derived from primary and						
		secondary sources to support or enhance the presentation.						
		d. Include information on all relevant						
		perspectives and consider the validity and						
		reliability of sources.						
<u> </u>		pronability of Sources.						

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	#				Mastery			
11 & 12	2.3	Deliver oral responses to literature:						
		a. Demonstrate a comprehensive						
		understanding of the significant ideas of						
		literary works (e.g., make assertions about						
		the text that are reasonable and						
		supportable).						
		b. Analyze the imagery, language, universal						
		themes, and unique aspects of the text						
		through the use of rhetorical strategies						
		(e.g., narration, description, persuasion,						
		exposition, a combination of those						
		strategies).						
		c. Support important ideas and viewpoints						
		through accurate and detailed references to						
		the text or to other works.						
		d. Demonstrate an awareness of the						
		author's use of stylistic devices and an						
		appreciation of the effects created.						
		e. Identify and assess the impact of						
		perceived ambiguities, nuances, and						
44.9.40	2.4	complexities within the text.						
11 & 12	2.4	Deliver multimedia presentations:						
		a. Combine text, images, and sound by incorporating information from a wide range						
		of media, including films, newspapers, magazines, CD-ROMs, online information,						
		television, videos, and electronic media-						
		generated images.						
		b. Select an appropriate medium for each element of the presentation.						
		c. Use the selected media skillfully, editing						
		appropriately and monitoring for quality.						
		d. Test the audience's response and revise						
		the presentation accordingly.						
		The presentation accordingly.						
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11 & 12		Recite poems, selections from speeches, or dramatic soliloquies with attention to performance details to achieve clarity, force, and aesthetic effect and to demonstrate an understanding of the meaning (e.g., Hamlet's soliloquy "To Be or Not to Be").						

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